

Dodatne naloge k učbeniku Wider World 3

STARTER UNIT: WELCOME TO WOODLEY BRIDGE

1. Read the texts in the Starter Unit of your Students' Book and complete the sentences with the correct names.

(Preberi besedila v uvodni enoti in dopolni povedi s pravnimi imeni.)

- 1) _____'s nickname is Tommo.
- 2) _____ lives with her grandmother.
- 3) _____ is half-English and half-Indian.
- 4) _____'s grandmother is a yoga teacher.
- 5) _____ and his parents live on a boat.
- 6) _____ and Skye like running together.
- 7) _____ is into computers and wants to become an IT specialist one day.
- 8) _____'s parents are scientists.
- 9) _____'s favourite hobby is kayaking.
- 10) _____ and his brother Ed were born in the USA.
- 11) _____ likes drawing and painting wildlife.
- 12) _____'s dad is a carpenter.
- 13) _____'s dad is from India and he's got a very big family.
- 14) _____ is shy, so he is glad he has friends like Tommo, Skye and Alisha.
- 15) _____ isn't crazy about sport, but she enjoyed a kickboxing class last year.

2. Write in the correct adjectives.

(Dopolni povedi s pravnimi pridevniki.)

- 1) Tommo's home is _____ and so is his pet, Hissy. She is a _____ cat and she isn't very _____.
- 2) Skye's Gran goes swimming and she does yoga. She is very _____. She is also the _____ cook in the world. She makes a _____ chilli.
- 3) Ed and Dan are wearing _____ clothes in the photo. Their dad is from Mexico, so they both speak _____. Ed is at university in New York and Dan and his mum are planning to visit him in the summer. They are really _____ about that.
- 4) Alisha's older brother Damian is very _____, but also a bit _____. She's got a lot of cousins in India because her dad's family is very _____. Alisha isn't into sport, but she enjoyed kickboxing classes at school last year because it was _____ and there were a lot of _____ exercises.

ABOUT YOU:

Write a short article for the school newspaper.

(Napiši kratek članek za šolski časopis.)

- 1) Do you live in a house, a flat or maybe in an unusual home? Describe it.
- 2) Do you or your friends have any (unusual) pets?
- 3) Do you have any friends who are from another country?
- 4) What are your and your friends' activities and interests?

[illegible]

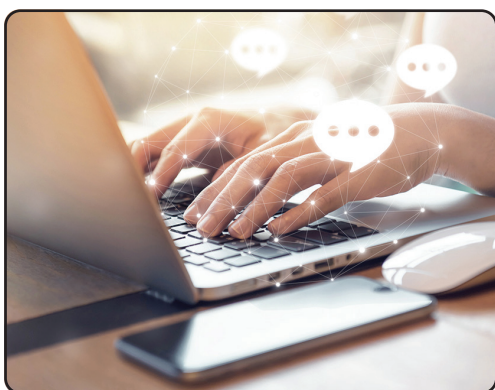
UNIT 1: THAT'S MY WORLD

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 11

1. Match the verbs in A to the most suitable words or expressions in B.

Then write another word or expression that goes with the same verb.

(Poveži glagole v stolpcu A z ustreznimi besedami oz. izrazi v stolpcu B. Nato na črto pod vsako besedo v stolpcu B zapiši še en izraz, ki ustreza glagolu iz stolpca A.)



A

- 1 chat
- 2 share
- 3 go
- 4 upload
- 5 text
- 6 send
- 7 download
- 8 charge

B

- a online

- b photos

- c parents

- d a message

- e pictures

- f songs

- h with friends

- i a phone

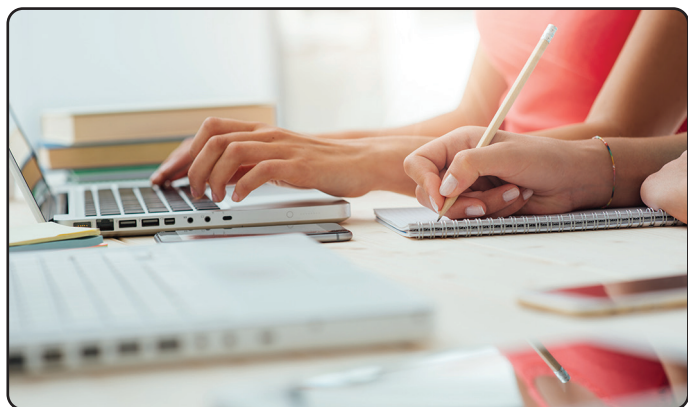
ABOUT YOU:

Write a blog about modern technology and you.

(Napiši blog o moderni tehnologiji. Upoštevaj spodnja vprašanja kot iztočnice.)

- 1) How often do you use a computer? What do you use it for?
- 2) Do you use any other devices? Name them.
- 3) When do you use them?
- 4) Do you think all devices are useful?
- 5) What is your favourite device? Why?

[illegible]



DO SMARTPHONES MAKE YOU SMARTER

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 20

1. Read the text and match the words from 1 to 10 with the expressions in the box.

(Preberi besedilo in poveži beside od 1 do 10.)

More than ninety percent of British teenagers ¹possess a mobile phone; a minority have two or more. These *screenagers* spend more than twenty-seven hours a week online. They can now connect when and where they like with smartphones and tablets. Apparently, UK teenagers avoid using smartphones to ²chat with friends. Instead, they choose to watch video clips, play games, share photos and send instant messages. As for social media, teens like ³keeping in touch via Twitter, Snapchat or Instagram. They leave Facebook to their ⁴mums and dads!

Teenagers may be connected all the time, but there is one place where most teenagers can't use their digital devices: school! In the UK there is no law about phone use in schools, but teachers can remove devices from students if necessary. However, ⁵not all teachers agree and some even try to use smartphones ⁶in class.

A ⁷recent British report said that removing smartphones from schools will give students more time for their education. It said that smartphones are a big distraction, make students ⁸less productive, and are bad for learning.

However, in the USA some people don't agree. Recently one school in New York decided to allow students to use smartphones at school. They said that smartphones can be an ⁹excellent resource for the classroom. We carry a lot of information in our pockets and this information can be really ¹⁰useful. In this New York school, smartphones can definitely make you smarter!

¹ possesses	_____ during the lesson
² chat	_____ owns
³ keep in touch	_____ some teachers disagree
⁴ mums and dads	_____ talk or exchange messages online
⁵ not all teachers agree	_____ very good / superb
⁶ in class	_____ maintain contact
⁷ recent	_____ the opposite of useless
⁸ less	_____ new / the latest
⁹ excellent	_____ the opposite of more
¹⁰ useful	_____ parents

UNIT 2: WILD NATURE

WHAT WERE YOU DOING WHILE YOU WERE AWAY?

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 26

1. Complete the text. Write ONE word on each line.

(Dopolni besedilo. V vsako praznino vpiši le ENO besedo.)

Dan returned home from the Geography trip. He forgot to empty his bag (1) _____ night because Skye called him (2) _____ he was doing it. She wanted to know about the trip. They (3) _____ chatting for ages and then Dan forgot about his bag. The clothes in his (4) _____ were wet. On the last day (5) _____ the trip the pupils went for a walk. They were (6) _____ a river when Dan fell in. It was funny at the time, but now Dan has to put his wet clothes in the (7) _____ machine.

ABOUT YOU:

Write a short article for the school's website about a funny or unusual event that happened on one of your school trips.

(Napiši kratek prispevek za šolsko spletno stran o zabavnem ali nenavadnem dogodku, ki se je zgodil na enem od šolskih izletov.)

NICE DAY, INNIT?

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 32

1. Circle the correct answers.

(Obkroži pravilne odgovore.)

1) British people

- a. don't know what to talk about.
- b. talk only about the weather.
- c. talk about the weather a lot.

2) American weather

- a. is quite mild.
- b. has great extremes.
- c. is freezing.

3) Storm chasers are

- a. people chasing tornadoes.
- b. tornadoes at high speed.
- c. tropical storms.

4) When extreme weather comes, the British are

- a. always prepared.
- b. never ready.
- c. never shocked.

5) People are more depressed if they live

- a. in sunny places.
- b. in places with little light in winter.
- c. in country with good economic and social factors.



UNIT 3: THE TASTE TEST

"I HAVE LOVED EVERY MINUTE OF IT!"

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 37

1. Read the text and choose the correct answers.

(Preberi besedilo v učbeniku in obkroži pravilne odgovore.)

1) 17-year-old Martha _____ time to relax with friends tonight.

- a. wants b. has enough c. doesn't have

2) Martha is participating as _____ contestant in *The Great British Bake off*.

- a. young b. youngest c. the youngest

3) Every week she has to impress the judges with different _____.

- a. recipes b. messages c. cupcakes

4) Martha's cooking results weren't always good and she _____ made a mess.

- a. sometimes b. often c. rarely

5) Martha _____ making mistakes.

- a. loves b. hates c. doesn't mind

6) Martha's mum and dad _____ her on TV every week.

- a. watch b. watched c. have watched

7) James is very _____ of his granddaughter.

- a. proud b. calm c. tired

ABOUT YOU:

Write the recipe for your favourite Slovenian dish or dessert. What ingredients do you need? How do you make it?

(Napiši recept za svojo najljubšo slovensko jed ali posladek. Navedi sestavine in postopek priprave.)

[illegible]

WHAT DO THE BRITISH REALLY EAT?

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 44

1. Read the text and answer the questions in short.

(Preberi besedilo v učbeniku in na kratko odgovori na vprašanja.)

1) Why is there a huge choice of flavours and cuisines in the UK nowadays?

2) What does *chicken tikka masala* taste like?

3) Why do British people like American food?

4) What kind of food is especially popular these days?

5) Who likes eating sushi at lunchtime?

6) Where do you have to go if you are interested in international food?

7) When did it open?

8) How many people can they serve?

9) What are Britain's three favourite dishes?



UNIT 4: CURTAIN UP!

CURTAIN UP!

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 48

1. Put the adjectives in the brackets in the correct forms – comparative or superlative.

(Stopnjuh pridevnike v oklepaju in jih vstavi na črto v pravilni obliki)

Your seat moves, you feel water on your face and you can smell something. It's (late)

_____ 4D cinema experience. The screens are (big) _____

and the seats are in (comfortable) _____ position for your eyes and neck.

But, is it fun? "It's (exciting) _____ than 3D," says 15-year-old Adam,

"because it's (bright) _____ and (loud) _____." His

friend Jessica agrees. For others, the experience _____ (not as/good/as)

3D and you can feel dizzy. "The moving seats were (bad) _____ than the

sound," said Alice. "Some special effects are also (scary) _____ than in 3D.

Of course, the tickets are also (expensive) _____ for 4D, but some people

are willing to pay for "the (good) _____ feeling" in the world!"

ABOUT YOU:

Write an email to your English friend about the last film, performance or concert that you saw.

(Napiši elektronsko sporočilo angleškemu prijatelju o zadnjem filmu, ki si ga gledal oz. predstavi ali koncertu, ki si ga obiskal. Uporabi pridevnike, tudi v primerniku in presežniku.)

THE HIGH FIVE ENTERTAINMENT GUIDE

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 49

- 1. Read the descriptions. What does each performance offer? Make a tick (✓) in the correct column of the table.**

(Preberi opise predstav. S kljukico v razpredelnici označi možnosti, ki jih ponuja posamezna predstava.)

	Music	Dance	No speaking	Take a class
LOOK, NO STRINGS!				
NO WORDS, LOTS OF FUN!				
ENJOY INDIAN ENERGY!				
THE SAD STORY OF EDWARD				

HOW DO YOU LIKE TO CELEBRATE?

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 56

1. Are the statements True, False or Not Given?

(Ali so spodnje trditve resnične, napačne, ali v besedilu niso omenjene?)

	T	F	NG
1) There are many different events in London every year.			
2) The Queen's official birthday is celebrated in July.			
3) Trooping the Colour is a traditional event.			
4) Diwali is held in October.			
5) The Hindu Festival of Lights lasts for five days.			
6) The Chinatown parade is usually held in February.			
7) The Chinese celebrate the same animal every year.			
8) There are great restaurants nearby.			
9) Europe's biggest summer street festival is in London.			
10) You can listen to live reggae at the Notting Hill Carnival .			

UNIT 5: THE BIG MATCH!

FORCE4SPORT

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 61

1. Choose the correct answers.

(Izberi pravilne odgovore.)

1) Danielle Marley became a volunteer _____.

- a. two years ago b. last year c. this year

2) She used to _____ gymnastics.

- a. go b. do c. take up

3) The international gymnastics competition _____ for two weeks.

- a. will be b. last c. lasts

4) Danielle is going to _____ photos for the local newspaper and the website.

- a. take b. do c. make

5) She is picking _____ a digital camera this afternoon to practise.

- a. on b. up c. with

6) Danielle is very good _____ taking photographs.

- a. in b. at c. with

7) She _____ photography competitions.

- a. won b. have on c. 's won

8) She thinks she _____ do a good job.

- a. won't b. will c. has

9) This could be a _____ experience because she wants to study photography.

- a. useless b. useful c. exciting

10) Danielle is _____ volunteering.

- a. excited about b. exciting about c. excited of

WHERE DO THEY TOSS THE CABER?

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 68

1. Are the statements True, False or Not Given in the text?

(Ali so spodnje trditve resnične, napačne, ali v besedilu niso omenjene?)

	T	F	NG
1) Rugby is the most popular sport in Australia.			
2) They play "Aussie Rules" only in Sydney or Melbourne.			
3) "Aussie Rules" is a sport.			
4) There are 18 players in each team.			
5) The ball isn't round.			
6) The players can throw the ball.			
7) They started to play this sport in the 19 th century.			
8) Australian cultural history is rich.			
9) Australia is the only country where this sport is played.			
10) People from all over the world like "Aussie Rules".			

ABOUT YOU:

What are the most popular winter sports in Slovenia? Complete the table with your ideas after a group discussion, and then write a short article for an online newspaper.

(V skupinah razpravljajte o najbolj priljubljenih zimskih športih v Sloveniji in dopolnite spodnjo tabelo. Za spletni časopis nato napišite kratek članek.)

SPORT	EQUIPMENT	WHY is it popular?

UNIT 6: SEE THE WORLD!

LIVE LIFE OUTSIDE

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 73

1. Complete the text with the correct words.

(Dopolni besedilo z ustreznimi besedami.)

Booker Mitchel is a t _ _ _ _ _ from New York. He loves travelling and he enjoys the feeling of a _ _ _ _ _ . He has explored different places a _ _ _ _ _ the world. He thinks people shouldn't travel with a lot of l _ _ _ _ _ and they should always plan their trips. Before he goes on a trip, he m _ _ _ _ a list of things he wants to see and places he wants to visit. He also learns about the food, music, s _ _ _ _ _ and culture. When he is at home, he r _ _ _ _ his skateboard to school and he never takes the same route because he likes to see different things that are h _ _ _ _ _ around him.

ABOUT YOU:

Read the cues below and write a postcard to a friend about your holiday.

(Upoštevaj spodnje iztočnice in prijatelju napiši razglednico s počitnic.)

- 1) Kje in s kom preživljaš počitnice?
- 2) S katerim prevoznim sredstvom si potoval in kako je bilo na poti?
- 3) Kakšno je vreme in kaj delaš vsak dan?

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

CAN IRONING MAKE HOLIDAYS EXCITING?

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 80

1. Read the text and answer the questions in short.

(Preberi besedilo in na kratko odgovori na vprašanja.)

1) Who invented the concept of budget airlines?

2) What is extreme ironing?

3) Where was it invented?

4) What is the most popular type of holiday in the UK?

5) Why is Barcelona a unique holiday destination for the Brits?

6) Where is Barcelona?

7) When did Spain become the most popular holiday destination for the Brits?

8) How many British people visit Spain every year?

9) What is the weather like in Spain?

10) What are the Spanish people like?



UNIT 7: GETTING TO KNOW YOU

FRIENDSHIP DAY

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 92

1. Complete the text with the missing words or with the correct forms of the words in brackets.

(Besedilo dopolni z manjkajočimi besedami ali z ustrežno obliko besede/besed v oklepaju.)

The idea of a special friendship day has several origins. Joyce Hall from the USA (own) _____ a greetings card company and she wanted to create more business, so on 2 August 1930 American _____ celebrated their first Friendship Day. They (buy) _____ and sent cards, but then after a few years this tradition died out. People in some South American countries have been celebrating Friendship Day _____ 1958 – and in a completely different way. A group of friends _____ Paraguay decided to celebrate friendship _____ understanding on 30 July every year. However, one man from the group wanted to go further. Thanks to his hard work, people in India and China also took up the idea of celebrating friendship and Friendship Day (grow) _____. In 2011, the United Nations agreed _____ support the idea and the celebration finally became international. They saw it as a good way to encourage peace _____ getting different cultures to communicate more. They hope that this celebration (help) _____ people to respect one another's culture and to make new friends.

ABOUT YOU:

An English teen magazine wants to know what makes someone a great friend. You decided to write to them about your best friend.

(Angleška najstniška revija želi ugotoviti, kakšne so lastnosti in odlike dobrega prijatelja. Odločil si se, da napišeš kratek prispevek o svojem najboljšem prijatelju.)

[illegible]

IS MOVING HOUSE GOOD FOR YOU?

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 92

1. Circle the letter before the correct words to complete the text.

(Dopolni besedilo z danimi besedami tako, da obkrožiš črko pred ustrezno rešitvijo.)

Moving house is the most stressful thing in the world for some people. This is why American people move home once a decade on average, (1) _____ some people are on the move all the time! In South Carolina almost 20 % of all homes are mobile. Many people live in trailer parks, which are often home to (2) _____ people. (3) _____, that is not always the case. In Florida there are trailer parks full of retired couples. People in these parks put (4) _____ with a little discomfort to feel part of a group and to have a sense of identity. Some people (5) _____ around while others stay in the same trailer park for years because (6) _____ parks are usually quiet, clean and safe and there are no parking problems. Mobile home owners (7) _____ their own mobile home to a rented apartment in the city. They say moving house is great because you see many places and (8) _____ broadens your horizons.

1	A	but	B	however	C	although	D	so
2	A	brave	B	rich	C	wealthy	D	poor
3	A	Although	B	But	C	And	D	Because
4	A	on	B	in	C	up	D	out
5	A	visit	B	walk	C	travel	D	see
6	A	this	B	that	C	they	D	these
7	A	prefer	B	rather	C	'd rather	D	want
8	A	you	B	it	C	he	D	so

ABOUT YOU:

Group discussion and class presentation: “What is your dream home like?”

(V skupinah razpravljajte o svojem sanjskem domu, nato predstavite svoje ideje sošolcem.)

[illegible]

UNIT 8: NO TIME FOR CRIME

THE CARTOON

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 101

1. Read the text and decide whether the statements are True or False.

(Preberi besedilo v učbeniku. Ali so trditve od 1 do 10 pravilne ali napačne?)

	T	F
1) There are three people in the cartoon.		
2) The footprints are invisible.		
3) The magnifying glass isn't modern.		
4) The two detectives get exciting jobs.		
5) The graffiti isn't legal.		
6) They notice a tin of spray paint.		
7) The can is clearly important.		
8) Dimwit and Brains don't see the "criminal".		
9) The "criminal" feels comfortable and invisible.		
10) The detectives don't solve the case.		

ABOUT YOU:

Use appropriate adjectives to express your opinion.

(Uporabi ustrezne pridevnike iz izrazi svoje mnenje.)

- 1) Christmas time make me feel _____.
- 2) The _____ person I know is my grandmother.
- 3) Thieves, robbers and burglars are _____ people.
- 4) I learnt regular and _____ verbs easily.
- 5) If I get a bad mark, my parents are _____.
- 6) Shoplifting is against the law. That means that it is _____.
- 7) Spies sometimes use _____ ink to send secret messages.
- 8) Parents sometimes run out of time and energy and they become _____.
- 9) I got most of my answers right, but two of them were _____.
- 10) My grandfather bought a new armchair because the old one was very _____.

IS CHEWING A GUM A CRIME?

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 104

1. Read the statements and tick the correct boxes.

(Preberi povedi in s kljukico in označi, na katero državo se trditve nanašajo.)

	Finland	Hong Kong	Singapore	Iceland
1) It's illegal to play music in the street.				
2) The rich have to pay higher fines.				
3) Thefts are unusual.				
4) You hardly ever see a policeman.				
5) They have the strictest laws in the world.				
6) Street musicians aren't welcome.				
7) People leave the front door unlocked.				
8) People can go to prison if they chew gum.				

ABOUT YOU:

Read the last paragraph of the text in the Students' Book. Compare and discuss the crime facts in Britain and in Slovenia.

(Preberi zadnji odstavek besedila v učbeniku. Primerjaj stanje v Veliki Britaniji in Sloveniji.)



UNIT 9: THINK OUTSIDE THE BOX

BABAR ALI – THE YOUNGEST HEADTEACHER IN THE WORLD

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 110

- 1. Complete the text with the missing words or with the correct form of the verb in brackets. Write ONE word on each line or up to TWO words for the verbs.**

(Dopolni besedilo z manjkajočimi besedami ali z ustrežno obliko glagola v oklepaju. V vsako praznino vpiši le ENO besedo, pri glagolu lahko uporabiš tudi DVE.)

Babar Ali is probably the youngest headteacher in the world, and he is working very hard at the (1) _____. He sometimes travels and gives talks about his school in order to raise money. The school has already grown and

(2) _____ (have) hundreds of students, so he is opening new branches.

How did he start? He (3) _____ (walk) back from school one day when he saw some children from his neighbourhood who (4) _____ (not have) any money for books, uniforms or transport. Babar decided to help them. (5)

_____ he got home, he started teaching children in his backyard. The school grew, and soon a lot of people were talking about it.

This year, the young headteacher (6) _____ (train) some more of his pupils to become teachers. In fact, some of his first (7) _____ are starting to work as teachers this term. In this way, they (8) _____ (change) the lives of more children.

ABOUT YOU:

Discuss the cues below in groups and then give your presentation to the class.

(V skupinah razpravljajte o spodnjih iztočnicah. Svoje ugotovitve nato predstavite.)

- 1) Kdo in kako lahko pomaga ljudem v stiski?
- 2) Ali je pomembno, da ponudimo pomoč, zakaj?
- 3) Ali si ti že kdaj priskočil komu na pomoč?

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CAN SCHOOL BE FUN?

STUDENTS' BOOK p. 116

1. Circle the correct answers.

(Obkroži pravilne odgovore.)

1) Adam goes to _____ school.

A a traditional
C creative

B an alternative
D Steiner

2) The pupils in Adam's school _____ learn by heart.

A don't have to
C must

B have to
D can't

3) The pupils were working _____ during the Biology lesson.

A in clay
C with books

B alone
D in groups

4) Adam is interested _____ allergies.

A at
C in

B with
D for

5) Pupils have to revise in their own time, _____ there are no tests.

A but
C However

B and
D so

6) The teachers don't _____ pupils to sit in front of the computer for a long time.

A encourage
C discourage

B allow
D understand



ABOUT YOU:

Read the cues below and write a letter to Adam about your school.

(Preberi spodnje iztočnice in Adamu napiši pismo o svoji šoli.)

- 1) Kako poteka običajen dan na šoli?
- 2) Katero pravilo, ki velja na tvoji šoli ti je všeč in katero ne, zakaj?
- 3) Ali pri pouku učenci lahko uporabljajo računalnike, tablice in/ali mobilne telefone?

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

2. Complete the text with the given words. Write the LETTER of the correct word in the table below. There are two words too many.

(Dopolni besedilo z besedami v okvirčkih, tako da v razpredelnico vpišeš ČRKO izbrane besede. Dve besedi sta odveč.)

SCHOOL IS STILL IN SESSION AT THE SLOVENIAN SCHOOL MUSEUM

The Slovenian School Museum is one of the oldest museums in Slovenia, founded in 1898. The idea for the museum came from Jakob Dimnik, a primary school teacher from Ljubljana.

Their ___1___ are fun and interesting, but what sets it apart from other museums is the chance to step back in time and attend a class in a strict primary school of the Austro-Hungarian Empire.

Adults, too, will find it intriguing; maybe you will find something that you had to use in school and can share the memory with your family. We loved seeing old photographs, notebooks, annual school ___2___ and old desks, chairs and blackboards.

Try a turn-of-the-20th-century lesson

If you want a different experience, something that will stay with you long after you have gone ___3___, you should enrol in class and experience first-hand what primary school was like in the Austro-Hungarian Empire, which Slovenia was once part of. The goal of the class, taught in English, is for ___4___ to get to know the importance of discipline and tidiness, learn where the name Ljubljana originates from, discuss Slovenian ___5___ France Prešeren and his poem "A Toast" (the Slovenian national anthem), and learn how to count from one to ten in Slovenian.

It is a fun museum to visit, especially with kids who are attending school. They get to see how different and much stricter school once was. Children start to appreciate their ___6___ and classes more after the visit.



1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.

3. Read the text and find the most suitable titles for each paragraph from A to E. Write the letter of the paragraph in the table next to the correct title. There is one title too many. Mark it with an X.

(Preberi besedilo in poišči naslove za posamezne odstavke. V razpredelnico vpiši črko izbranega odstavka. En naslov je odveč. Označi ga z X.)

5 FASCINATING FACTS ABOUT THE SLOVENIAN LANGUAGE

The Slovenian language was the first written Slavic language and it is considered to be one of the most archaic languages in Europe. Here are five fascinating facts about Slovenian.

A The small number of people speaking Slovene makes it almost a secret language. It is a native language to approximately 2.1 million people. It is also spoken by Slovenian minorities in the bordering countries of Italy, Croatia, Hungary, and Austria, and Slovenian immigrants in the USA, Argentina, Serbia, Canada, Australia and South Africa.

B Slovene is one of the rare Indo-European languages which still uses a dual form. It is also the only official language of the European Union that uses a dual form. The dual form is used when referring to exactly two people, objects or concepts.

C The modern Slovene alphabet was developed in the 1840s. It contains 25 letters. The alphabet uses the basic Latin alphabet with the added letters Č, Š, Ž. The alphabet does not use X and Y.

D When Slovenians use traditional curse words it sounds more silly than offensive. Perhaps the most popular curses in Slovene are "*Tristo kosmatih medvedov*" (Three hundred hairy bears), "*Naj te koklja brcne!*" (A hen should kick you!), and "*Krščen matiček!*" (Baptised Matthew!).

E During WWII Slovenia was occupied by Germans, Italians, Hungarians, and Croats. With the Occupation came a ban on using Slovene in schools. If caught speaking their native language in school, students were beaten with a wooden stick or a ruler, or were forced to kneel on a pile of corn.



Title	Paragraph
1) Slovene uses the letters Č, Š, Ž.	
2) Slovene was forbidden in schools.	
3) There are 46 different dialects in Slovenia.	
4) Slovene is only spoken by just over 2.3 million people.	
5) Traditional Slovenian cursing is silly.	
6) Slovene uses a "dual" form.	

Dodatne naloge k učbeniku Wider World 3

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